CLASSICAL CIVILIZATION MINOR

Coordinator

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Why Study Classics?

The past is a foreign country; they do things differently there.

L.P. Hartley

Students approaching Classical Studies for the first time may wonder how the study of languages and cultures from antiquity is relevant in the digital era; why study Classics?

First, Classics provides students with many fascinating intellectual opportunities. Because the range of Greek and Latin literature is so diverse, students interested in history, drama, poetry, political science, or philosophy, will find ample material to stimulate their curiosity. Moreover, students will develop the ability to read some of the most influential works of western literature in their original languages, and learn about cultures that are radically different from our own, yet at the same time provide the foundation of many modern ideas and institutions.

Since Classical Studies have traditionally played a central role in education they have left an indelible mark on the intellectual, political, and artistic development of Western Civilization. Countless authors, as diverse in time and place as Dante and Derek Walcott, have looked for inspiration to the classical tradition; political theorists and statesmen, including Thomas Jefferson and Alexander Hamilton, developed their political ideals through a close reading of ancient historians such as Polybius and Thucydides. Understanding the reception of classical texts and the ways subsequent generations adapted and modified classical ideals will grant students a greater degree of proficiency in civic and cultural history, and help them better understand the cultural politics of their own world.

While not all Classics students wish to become classical scholars, a major in Classics is among the most impressive degrees to have when applying for a job in other fields. The work ethic required for success in the languages, the intellectually challenging nature of the grammar and syntax of Greek and Latin, and the interdisciplinary nature of the field are only a few reasons why Classics majors are highly respected and sought-after job candidates. Furthermore, because of the historical role of Classics in education many terms and concepts in various fields are derived from Greek or Latin. For these reasons, Classics majors often find employment in Law, Medical Sciences, Government/Politics, Writing and Journalism, and Education.

Why study Classics? To find a challenging and immensely rewarding field of study, and to explore the familiar yet foreign country that is our past.

Admission

Undergraduate students at Syracuse University in a college that awards minors in Arts and Sciences subject areas.

Curriculum Requirements

The Minor in Classical Civilization requires 18 credits chosen from the following list of courses. At least 12 credits must come from courses numbered 300 and above; in addition, at least two courses must come from among the courses taught within the Classics program (those with the prefixes LAT, GRE, and LIT). Other courses related to the ancient world may be substituted with the approval of the program director.

Greek

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|-----------------------|---------|
| GRE 101 | Ancient Greek I | 4 |
| GRE 102 | Ancient Greek II | 4 |
| GRE 201 | Ancient Greek III | 4 |
| GRE 310 | Greek Prose Authors | 3 |
| GRE 320 | Greek Poetry | 3 |
| GRE 410 | Advanced Greek Prose | 3 |
| GRE 420 | Advanced Greek Poetry | 3 |

Latin

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|-----------------------|---------|
| LAT 101 | Latin I | 4 |
| LAT 102 | Latin II | 4 |
| LAT 201 | Latin III | 4 |
| LAT 310 | Latin Prose Authors | 3 |
| LAT 320 | Latin Poets | 3 |
| LAT 410 | Advanced Latin Prose | 3 |
| LAT 420 | Advanced Latin Poetry | 3 |

Lit (Literature in Translation)

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| Code | Title | Credits |
| LIT 101 | Ancient Greek Literature: The Rise of Athens (Greek) | 3 |
| LIT 102 | Roman Literature: Empire and Its Discontents (Latin) | 3 |
| LIT 203 | Greek and Roman Epic: Heroes, Gods, and the Universe | 3 |
| LIT 211 | Ancient Greek Drama: The Birth of Comedy and Tragedy | 3 |
| LIT 300 | Selected Topics (.2 A Greek Odyssey (offered in Florence)) | n 1-6 |
| LIT 421 | Classical Mythology | 3 |

Anthropology

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|--|---------|
| ANT 141 | Introduction to Archaeology and Prehistory | 3 |
| ANT 145 | Archaeology of and in the Modern World | 3 |
| ANT 346 | Gender In The Past | 3 |
| ANT 348 | Mummies, Tombs, and Treasure | 3 |

History

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|--|---------|
| HST 210 | The Ancient World | 3 |
| HST 310 | The Early Middle Ages | 3 |
| HST 352 | History of Ancient Greece | 3 |
| HST 353 | History of Ancient Rome | 3 |
| HST 401 | Senior Seminar (Roman Imperialism) | 3 |
| HST 401 | Senior Seminar (Herodotus and the Persian Wa | ars) 3 |

History of Art

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|--|---------|
| HOA 105 | Arts and Ideas I | 3 |
| HOA 301 | Origins of Western Art | 3 |
| HOA 302 | Greek Art and Architecture | 3 |
| HOA 303 | Etruscans and Romans: Ancient Art and Societ Italy | y in 3 |
| HOA 304 | Roman Art & Architecture | 3 |

Linguistics

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|----------------------------------|---------|
| LIN 201 | The Nature and Study of Language | 3 |
| LIN 202 | Diversity of World Languages | 3 |

Philosophy

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| PHI 111 | | 3 |
| PHI 307 | Ancient Greek and Roman Philosophy | 3 |
| PHI 415 | Boots of Western Civilization | 3 |

Religion

| Code | Title | Credits |
|---------|---|---------|
| REL 205 | Ancient Greek Religion | 3 |
| REL 206 | Greco-Roman Religion | 3 |
| REL 294 | Mythologies | 3 |
| REL 421 | Classical Mythology (offered in Florence) | 3 |